Gifts, Benefits and Hospitality Policy and Procedure

1.0 Purpose

The purpose of this policy is to state Bendigo Kangan Institute's (BKI's) position on:

- responding to offers of gifts, benefits and hospitality; and
- providing gifts, benefits and hospitality (including to staff).

2.0 Scope

Under the policy, offers and receipt of gifts, benefits and hospitality must be consistent with the Institute's public functions and any offer must be proportionate.

This policy provides guidance to staff and is intended to help staff maintain high levels of integrity and public trust. As a public sector entity, integrity extends to using public funds appropriately and only for public purposes. This policy is important because it guards the appropriate use of public funds and ensures decision-making is aligned to the Institute's public purposes.

This policy represents the expectations of BKI as a public sector entity and vocational educational provider, which receives public funds to conduct its business activities.

This policy has been developed in accordance with the requirements outlined in the *Minimum accountabilities for managing gifts, benefits and hospitality* issued by the Victorian Public Sector Commission.

This policy does not apply to promotional offers or benefits that are provided to BKI in the course of:

- a paid membership arrangement i.e., where BKI pays a membership to receive a service and as part of that agreement receives benefits
- a sponsorship agreement formed under BKI's Sponsorship Policy.

3.0 Legislative Context

Public Administration Act 2004 (Vic)

Code of Conduct for Victorian Public Sector Employees BKI Code of Conduct

Victorian Public Sector Commission; Minimum accountabilities for managing gifts, benefits and hospitality

Financial Management Act 1994 (Vic) (Standing Directions)

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4.0 Policy

4.1	Accountabilities	
		Individuals have a duty to place the public interest above their private interests when carrying out their official functions. They will not accept or solicit gifts, benefits or hospitality that could raise a perception of, or actual, bias, preferential treatment, or a conflict of interest.
		Individuals are accountable for:
		 declaring all non-token offers of gifts, benefits and hospitality;
		 declining non-token offers of gifts, benefits and hospitality, or where an exception applies under this policy, seeking approval to accept the offer; and
		 the responsible provision of gifts, benefits and hospitality.
		Individuals with direct reports are accountable for overseeing management of their direct reports' acceptance or refusal of nontoken gifts, benefits and hospitality, modelling good practice and promoting awareness of gifts, benefits and hospitality policies and processes.
4.2	Risk Based Approach	BKI, through its policies, procedures and Finance, Audit and Risk Management Committee (FARMC), will ensure gifts, benefits and hospitality risks are appropriately assessed and managed. Individuals with direct reports will ensure they are aware of the risks inherent in their team's work and functions and monitor the risks to which their direct reports are exposed
4.3	Token Offers	A token offer is an offer of a gift, benefit or hospitality that is of inconsequential or trivial value to both the person making the offer and the individual. It may include promotional items such as pens and note pads, and modest hospitality which would be considered a basic courtesy, such as light refreshments offered during a meeting. Whilst the primary determinant of a token offer is that it would not be reasonably perceived within or outside the organisation as influencing an individual raising an actual, potential, or perceived conflict of interest, it cannot be worth more than \$50: There are three exceptions to this:
		 Gifts, benefits, or hospitality received as part of a BKI Membership (i.e. Victorian Chamber of Commerce)
		 Gifts, benefits, and hospitality received from approved BKI sponsorship agreements

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		Gifts, benefits, and hospitality that has a clear link to sector and industry events.
4.4	Non-Token Offers	A non-token offer is a gift, benefit, or hospitality greater than \$50 that is, or may be perceived of more than inconsequential value
		If token offers are made often by the same person or organisation, the cumulative value of the offers, or the perception that they may influence the recipient, may result in the offers becoming non-token.
		Individuals must not seek or accept gifts or benefits which could be perceived as inducing them to act in a certain way or influencing them to make decisions on behalf of the Institute, or which might reasonably be perceived to be a conflict of interest.
		Where particular situations and relationships may give rise to an increased risk (or perception) of being compromised, individuals should not seek or accept gifts or benefits in those situations. This includes offers that are made in close proximity to decision-making and in particular from people or organisations whom Institute staff are likely to make decisions in the near future, involving:
		 Tender processes; The ongoing awarding of ad-hoc work; Contract execution and review; Procurement; Selection:
		 Selection; Enforcement (contractual or otherwise); Licensing; Regulation; or Student enrolment matters / Student Placement decisions / Institute
		entry procedures. Individuals <u>must refuse</u> all offers (excluding token hospitality, such as sandwiches over a lunchtime meeting) where the acceptance of the gift may be reasonably interpreted to undermine the independence and objectivity of public sector decision making with regards to the use of public funds.

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PROCEDURE

Gifts, Benefits and Hospitality Policy and Procedure

5.0 Procedure Steps

No.	Phases and steps	Name of role who actions
5.1	Accountabilities	
	Where the gift benefit or hospitality is being offered to the Portfolio Executive, the CEO must approve the retention of the benefit, and where offered to the CEO, the Board Chair must approve the retention of that benefit. The Portfolio Executive will take into account clause 4.3 in deciding the outcome of the offer.	All staff
	Where it is decided that the acceptance of a benefit could raise a perception of, or actual, bias, preferential treatment or a conflict of interest, the benefit will be:	
	declined and returned to the giver	
	 retained by BKI and redistributed as part of a BKI Staff Recognition Policy, or 	
	 be subject to a raffle, with proceeds provided to a chosen charity. 	
5.2	Token Offer	
	Individuals may accept token offers of gifts, benefits and hospitality without approval or declaring the offer on the BKI register.	All staff
No.	Phases and steps	Name of role who

No.	Phases and steps	Name of role who actions
5.3	Key Principles	
	For non-token offers, individuals should consider the following principles:	All Staff

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Gifts, Benefits and Hospitality Policy and Procedure 5.3.1 All Staff Independence and free from influence: BKI decisions and actions must be, and be seen to be, independent and free from influence. Employees should consider whether the person making an offer could stand to benefit from a decision being made now or in the future by BKI. Where a BKI employee is made an offer in private, they should consider: the person's intentions in making the offer whether the person has made a number of offers to BKI over the last 12-months, which may indicate an intention to influence. whether accepting the offer might create a perceived obligation to return a favour on part of either the giver or the recipient of an offer Employees must refuse an offer where: they or someone else within BKI is about to make a decision about the person who is making the offer or will make a decision about the person in future. it could be perceived that the acceptance of that offer might influence them, or be perceived to influence them, in the course of their duties or raise an actual, potential or perceived conflict of interest: the offer is likely to be a bribe or inducement to make a decision or act in a particular way the offer extends to their relatives or friends there is no legitimate business benefit the offer is money, or something easily converted to money or used in a similar way • it is made in secret. Employees must not accept offers from individual students or their parents to avoid any confusion or misconceptions as to the outcomes of teaching services and decisions. Any group student offers must not be accepted if there is a perception that the offer is

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No.	Phases and steps	Name of role who actions
	in connection with an assessment or education outcome.	
5.3.2	Cultural norms and the prospect of offence	All Staff
	Culturally, it can be appropriate to accept an offer of a gift, benefit, or hospitality if to decline the offer may give rise to offence. An example of this may be an offer made as an expression of appreciation of an employee's time in delivering a presentation to a community group.	
5.3.3	Public Perception	All Staff
	Employees should consider how the public would view the acceptance of an offer of a gift, benefit, or hospitality in the context of BKI's public functions.	
	There will be some exceptions where there is a legitimate business reason for accepting a non-token offer. All accepted non-token offers must be approved in writing by the individual's relevant Portfolio Executive consistently with clause 4.1.	
	Individuals may be offered a gift or hospitality where there is no opportunity to seek written approval from their manager prior to accepting. For example, they may be offered a wrapped gift that they later identify as being a non-token gift. In these cases, the individual must seek consideration from their relevant Portfolio Executive (or CEO or Board as relevant) within five business days.	
5.4	Recording of non-token offers of gifts, benefits and hospitality	
	All non-token offers, regardless of whether accepted or not need to be recorded in BKI's Gifts, Benefits and Hospitality Register, together with:	All Staff
	 Whether the offer/gift, benefit or hospitality was declined, returned, retained by the recipient/team, retained by BKI, or raffled. 	
	 detail the link between any acceptance of an offer to the individual's work functions and benefit to BKI, the public sector or the State. 	
	The Gifts, Benefits and Hospitality Register is administratively supported by the Governance, Risk and Compliance team and can	

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	be found on the Governance, Risk and Compliance Sharepoint page.
	All declarations are to be sent to <u>riskandintegrity@kangan.edu.au</u> with the following information:
	Date of offer
	Received from
	Description of gift
	Staff / department
	Approximate value of gift
	Proposed decision:
	Decline
	Retain
	 Redistributed through Staff Recognition Policy
	 Subject to raffle and proceeds to charity
	Reasons for decision.
	Evidence of the acceptance / decline.
	Governance, Risk and Compliance maintains records associated with the acceptance / decline of benefits.
	This register is also published annually on BKI's websites.
	Individuals should consider the following examples of acceptable and unacceptable levels of detail to be included in BKI's register when recording the business reason:
	Unacceptable:
	 "Networking"
	 "Maintaining stakeholder relationships"
	Acceptable:
	 "Individual is responsible for evaluating and reporting outcomes of BKI's sponsorship of Event A. Individual attended Event A in an official capacity and reported back to BKI on the event."
	 "Individual presented to a visiting international delegation. The delegation presented the Individual with a cultural item worth an estimated
	 \$200. Declining the gift would have caused offence. The Gift was accepted, written approval was subsequently obtained for the gift, which became BKI's property."

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Gifts, Benefits and Hospitality Policy and Procedure The FARMC will receive a report at least annually on the administration and quality control of the gifts, benefits and hospitality policy, processes, and register. The report will include analysis of BKI's gifts, benefits, and hospitality risks (including multiple offers from the same source and offers from business associates), risk mitigation measures and any proposed improvements. 5.5 Provision of Gifts, Benefits and Hospitality All Staff Gifts, benefits, and hospitality may be provided to welcome guests, facilitate the development of business relationships, further public sector business outcomes and to celebrate achievements (refer to section 5.7). 5.6 Management of the provision of gifts, benefits, and hospitality - Key Principles All Staff When deciding whether to provide gifts, benefits or hospitality or the type of gift, benefit, or hospitality to provide, individuals must ensure: All Staff **Public Trust** any offer of a gift, benefit or hospitality must not raise an actual, potential, or perceived conflict of interest; and must uphold the reputation of the public sector, with documented rationale (in the register) for why the offer is made. All Staff **Business Interests** Any offer must advance a legitimate business interest in that it furthers the conduct of official business or other legitimate Organisational goals, promotes, and supports government policy objectives and priorities or contributes to staff wellbeing and workplace satisfaction; No. Phases and steps Name of role who actions

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	Proportionality Associated costs must be proportionate to the benefits obtained for the State and would be considered reasonable in terms of community expectations. The cost will be modest and inexpensive and any alcohol that will be provided is a courtesy, minimal and not an indulgence.	All Staff
	 Key considerations When considering making an offer of a gift, benefit or hospitality, key questions staff should ask themselves are Will the cost of providing the gift, benefit or hospitality be proportionate to the potential benefits? Is an external venue necessary or does the organisation have facilities to host the event? Is the proposed catering or hospitality proportionate to the number of attendees? Does the size of the event and number of attendees align with intended outcomes? Will providing the gift, benefit or hospitality be viewed by the public as excessive? 	All Staff
5.7 No.	Gifts to colleagues and Institute employees Phases and steps	Name of role who actions
	 The Institute is proud to recognise the achievements of staff through its employee services. This includes its <i>Recognition Policy</i>, its BKI KanBe Staff awards and the suite of services available through our employee assistance program. Celebrating or recognising personal life events of colleagues or their friends and family does not fall within the Institute's public functions and is not permitted under this policy. Of course, if colleagues want to purchase gifts (for celebrations or personal events) eg. flowers, or host a farewell event (such as catering or lunch) for each other, this is open for them to do so personally. 	All Staff

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	attending or participating in these events. Ad hoc expenditure on discretionary items such as food and beverages eg. catering or coffees for internal meetings, is inconsistent with the spirit of this policy and the Institute's objectives.	
	At times, circumstances may arise where the Institute considers it is appropriate to apply an exception to this policy and may choose to purchase a gift for an Institute employee. Departures from Institute policy can be considered through the Office of the Chief Executive Office.	
5.8	Bribe or inducement	All Staff
	If an individual considers they have been offered a bribe or inducement, the offer must be reported to the Integrity and Corruption Control Officer (who should report any criminal or corrupt conduct to Victoria Police or the Independent Broad-based Anti- Corruption Commission). ¹	All Staff
5.9	Consequences for breaching this policy	
	Disciplinary action may be taken where an individual fails to adhere to this policy. This includes where an individual fails to identify, declare and manage a perceived conflict of interest related to gifts, benefits, and hospitality in accordance with BKI's Conflict of Interest requirements.	All Staff
	Actions inconsistent with this policy may constitute misconduct under the <i>Public Administration</i> Act 2004, which includes:	
	 breaches of the binding Code of conduct for Victorian public sector employees, such as sections of the Code covering conflict of interest (section 3.7), public trust (section 3.9) and gifts and benefits (section 4.2); and 	
	 individuals making improper use of their position. For further information on managing breaches of this policy, please contact the Chief People, Culture & Strategy Officer. 	
	BKI will communicate its policy on the offering and provision of gifts, benefits, and hospitality to those acting on behalf of BKI. Those identified as acting inconsistently with this policy may be subject to contract re-negotiation, including termination.	
	There may also be consequences for any business associates that offer gifts, benefits, and hospitality to BKI employees that are	

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	contrary to the principles of this policy and/or if the offer is a breach of any Victorian Government supplier codes of conduct.	
5.10	Individuals who consider that gifts, benefits and hospitality or conflict of interest within BKI may not have been declared or is not being appropriately managed should speak up and notify their manager, the Head of Governance Risk and Compliance or the Integrity and Corruption Officer (Risk & Assurance Manager). People can also Speak Up using the Institute's external <u>portal</u> . BKI will take decisive action, including possible disciplinary action, against individuals who discriminate against or victimise those who speak up in good faith.	All Staff

¹ In this context, corrupt conduct includes the conduct of *any* person that may or is intended to adversely impact on the honest performance of public officers. As such, this can include the conduct of members of the public, students and contractors. See section 4, *Independent Broad-based Anti-corruption Commission Act 2011* (Vic).

Role	Responsibilities
Responsible Body	The Board is responsible for ensuring compliance with Standing Directions and approval of this policy
Finance Audit and Risk Management Committee	The Finance Audit and Risk Management Committee (FARMC) is required to be satisfied the Board's attestation of compliance with the requirements of the Standing Directions.
Accountable Officer	The Chief Executive Officer is the Accountable Officer The Accountable Officer has overall responsibility for this policy
Chief People, Culture & Strategy Officer	The Chief People, Culture & Strategy Officer is responsible for promoting Speak Up and for providing additional information regarding the consequences of breaching this policy.
Compliance Manager	The Compliance Manager is responsible for monitoring compliance with the requirements of Standing Directions.
Head of Governance, Risk and Compliance	 The Head of Governance, Risk and Compliance has the responsibility for: the implementation and operation of the policy responsibility for providing a report of all gifts, benefits and hospitality to the FARMC annually ensuring that the gifts, benefits and hospitality register is published on the internet annually

6.0 Roles and Responsibilities

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Board Support Officer	The Board Support Officer is responsible for administratively maintaining the Gifts, Benefits and Hospitality Register and will document the outcome of an offer of a gift, benefit or hospitality in accordance with clause 3.1.
Portfolio Executives and	Individuals with direct reports:
delegated managers	are accountable for overseeing management of their direct reports' acceptance or refusal of non-token gifts, benefits and hospitality, modelling good practice and promoting awareness of gifts, benefits and hospitality policies and processes.
	will ensure they are aware of the risks inherent in their team's work and functions and monitor the risks to which their direct reports are exposed.
Employees / International Agents	Maintain their awareness and comply with the requirements of this policy and associated processes.
	Report to their Manager or the Chief Operating Officer any bribery attempt within 24 hours of the offer.

7.0 Definitions

Word/Term	Definition
ВКІ	Bendigo Kangan Institute
CEO	Chief Executive Officer
Benefits	Preferential treatment, privileged access, favours or other advantage offered (e.g. access to discounts and loyalty programs and promises of employment).
Bribe	Money or other inducement given or promised to corruptly influence performance.
Actual Conflict of Interest	There is a <u>real conflict</u> between an employee's public duties and private interests.
Potential Conflict of Interest	an employee has private interests that <u>could conflict</u> with their public duties. This refers to circumstances where it is foreseeable that a conflict may arise in future and steps should be taken now to mitigate that future risk
Perceived Conflict of Interest	the public or a third party could <u>form the view</u> that an employee's private interests could improperly influence their decisions or actions, now or in the future.

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Legitimate Business Benefit	Gifts, benefits and hospitality accepted or provided for a business purpose, in that it furthers the conduct of official business or other legitimate goals of the organisation, public sector or State.
Token Offer	Token offer is an offer of a gift, benefit or hospitality that is of inconsequential or trivial value to both the person making the offer and the individual.
Non-Token Offer	An offer of a gift, benefit or hospitality that is, or may be perceived to be by the recipient, the person making the offer or by the wider community, of more than inconsequential value

8.0 Related Documents

Document Name
Employee Code of Conduct Policy
Conflict of Interest Policy
Expenditure Procedure
Improper Conduct Policy and Procedure
Personal Expense Reimbursement Policy and Procedure
Document Name
Purchasing Card Procedure
Travel – Meals, Entertainment and Travel Policy
Travels – Meals, Entertainment and Travel Procedure

9.0 Version Control and Change History

Ver.	Issue Date	Document Custodian	Description of Change	Approval Authority
1.0	04/12/14	Chief Business and Performance Officer	The content of this policy originated from Bendigo TAFE POL 219 Gift, Benefits and Hospitality Policy	Board
2.0	02/03/15	Chief Business and Performance Officer	Editorial change: Removal of logos from the template	N/A
3.0	18/09/15	Chief Operating Officer	Changes to align with DET Gifts, Benefits and Hospitality Policy	CEO
3.1	16/11/17	Chief Operating Officer	Gift reporting threshold changed	CEO

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Unknown	Chief Operating Officer	Updated in line with VPSC guidelines	CEO
10/0518	Chief Operating Officer	Updated in line with VPSC guidelines	CEO
	Chief Operating Officer	Realigned accountabilities to be focused on to be on the avoidance of accepting gifts that could raise a perception of, or actual, bias, preferential treatment or a conflict of interest as opposed to obtaining a benefit. Lowered token gift value.	COO
		Inserted options for treating an offer of gift, benefit or hospitality.	
18/12/2020	Chief Operating Officer	General changes.	Board
27/09/2021	Chief Governance and Quality Officer	Minor changes. Inserted 5.7 'Gifts to colleagues and Institute employees'. Changed references from ARMC to FARMC.	Head of Governance Risk and Compliance
07 Dec 2022	Risk and Assurance Manager	Minor changes. Examples added to strengthen policy position. Changes to Declaration Register.	Head of Governance, Risk and Compliance
30 Mar 2022	Risk and Assurance Manager	Minor changes. Clarified guidance at clause 4.4 regarding to emphasise that individuals must refuse all non-token offers where acceptance may be reasonably interpreted to undermine the independence and objectivity of public sector decision-making and use of funds. Included examples. Included reference to record keeping in response to improvement initiative at clause 5.4 in line with Standing Directions.	Head of Governance, Risk and Compliance
	10/0518 10/0518 18/12/2020 27/09/2021 07 Dec 2022	10/0518 Chief Operating Officer 10/0518 Chief Operating Officer Chief Operating Officer Chief Operating Officer 18/12/2020 Chief Operating Officer 27/09/2021 Chief Governance and Quality Officer 07 Dec Risk and Assurance Manager 2022 Risk and Assurance Manager	10/0518Chief Operating OfficerUpdated in line with VPSC guidelines10/0518Chief Operating OfficerRealigned accountabilities to be focused on to be on the avoidance of accepting gifts that could raise a perception of, or actual, bias, preferential treatment or a conflict of interest as opposed to obtaining a benefit. Lowered token gift value. Inserted options for treating an offer of gift, benefit or hospitality.18/12/2020Chief Operating OfficerGeneral changes.27/09/2021Chief Governance and Quality OfficerMinor changes. Inserted 5.7 'Gifts to colleagues and Institute employees'. Changed references from ARMC to FARMC.07 Dec 2022Risk and Assurance ManagerMinor changes. Examples added to strengthen policy position. Changes to Declaration Register.30 Mar 2022Risk and Assurance ManagerMinor changes. Clarified guidance at clause 4.4 regarding to emphasis entai individuals must refuse all non-token offers where acceptance may be reasonably interpreted to undermine the independence and objectivity of public sector decision-making and use of funds. Included examples. Included reference to record keeping in response to improvement initiative at

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10.0 Document Custodian and Approval Authority

Document Custodian	Approval Authority	Approval Date	Issue Date	Scheduled Review Date
Risk and Assurance Manager	Bendigo Kangan Institute Board	18 Dec 2020	18 Dec 2020	18 Dec 2023

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